Agenda Item: 7.

Discussion of Draft FY 2012 Audit – Carey Fry and Gene Garrelts, Orizon Group – There is no memorandum for this item.

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PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
AND
ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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October 29, 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**Omaha, Nebraska



We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District"), as of June 30, 2012 and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated October 29, 2012 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 3-9) and the budgetary comparison information (pages 39-40) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate, operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the financial performance of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow. The discussion primarily focuses on the District's general fund, although the proprietary funds are also analyzed.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net assets increased by \$3,843,303, which is a 2.6% increase in total net assets.
- Total governmental activities net assets are comprised of the following:
 - Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$119,875,647. Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, is reduced for the outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
 - Restricted net assets \$5,001,370. General obligation bond proceeds from special bonding authority granted by the 2009 Nebraska Legislature are restricted to providing funding for specific flood control projects.
 - 3) Unrestricted net assets of \$17,050,394. These assets are available to maintain the District's continuing obligations. Unrestricted net assets include assets reserved for specific purposes by Board resolution but not restricted by debt covenants or laws and regulations.
- During the year, the District received \$19,391,006 of property taxes and other revenues in the general fund. This is a decrease from last year's receipts of \$22,187,172.
- The net increase in capital assets was \$14,000,079 to a total of \$142,161,241.
- Total long-term debt of the District decreased from \$19,382,565 to \$18,338,968 during the fiscal
 year. Long-term debt from business-type activities decreased by \$365,214 to \$3,173,376.
 The \$678,383 decrease in long-term debt from governmental activities occurred primarily due to
 the first principal payments on the 2010 general obligation bond issue and principal payments on
 the construction loan.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements, which include the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities and a perspective of current financial resources and obligations.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include general government administration, projects aimed at ground and surface water protection, flood threat protection, soil and wildlife conservation efforts, public services such as trail maintenance and educational materials, and recreation. The District's business-type activities include four rural water systems and four other waterway construction and preservation projects.

Statement of Net Assets

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Assets. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors, such as the condition of the District's capital assets, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

Statement of Activities

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the District's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by property tax collections.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District is comprised of the governmental fund, eight proprietary funds, and one fiduciary fund. The governmental fund encompasses essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different, with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental fund. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability, focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

A budgetary comparison schedule is included as supplementary information to the basic financial statements for the general fund. This schedule demonstrates compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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Proprietary funds generally report services for which the District charges customers a fee. These enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The Dakota County, Washington County #1, Washington County #2, and Thurston County Rural Water Systems, as well as four waterway reconstruction projects, comprise the District's proprietary funds.

Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail for major enterprise funds. Individual fund information for non-major enterprise funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. Fiduciary fund statements focus on net assets and the change in net assets and are accounted for on the accrual basis. The District is the administering agent of the Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership is comprised of local governments that have entered into an inter-local agreement to fund engineering studies addressing water quantity and quality issues in the Papillion Creek drainage area.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's non-major proprietary funds and expenditures of federal awards.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net assets may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole. The following table summarizes the District's net assets.

Summary of Net Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
-	2012	2011	2012	2011
Current and other assets	\$ 27,952,281	\$ 35,689,433	\$ 3,206,402	\$ 3,462,471
Capital assets, net of accumulated	40.4.404.500	400 000 444	W 770 070	
depreciation _	134,401,562	120,298,111	7,759,859	7,863,231
Total assets	162,353,843	155,987,544	10,966,261	11,325,702
Long-term liabilities	14,072,549	14.858.414	2,806,960	3,173,214
20119 101111 11211111101	,,	,,	,000,000	5,775,277
Other liabilities	6,353,883	3,019,796	398,101	416,514
Total liabilities	20,426,432	17,878,210	3,205,061	3,589,728
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	119,875,647	105,098,111	4,586,483	4,323,641
Restricted	5,001,370	9,542,876	239,899	64,661
Unrestricted	17,050,394	23,468,347	2,934,818	3,347,672
Total net assets	\$141,927,411	\$ 138,109,334	\$ 7,761,200	\$ 7,735,974

The District reported positive balances in net assets for both governmental and business-type activities. Since net assets increased \$3,818,077 for governmental activities and \$25,226 for business-type activities, the District's overall financial position improved during fiscal year 2012.

The table on the next page summarizes the District's changes in net assets from revenues and expenditures. The District is heavily reliant on property taxes to support governmental operations, since taxes provide approximately 85% of the District's total governmental revenues.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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Summary of Changes in Net Assets

	Gov	ernmental Act	ivitites	Busin	ness-Type Acti	ivities
	2012	% of Total	2011	2012	% of Total	2011
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 873,997	4.4%	\$ 298,205	\$ 940,498	91.0%	\$ 833,473
Operating grants and						
contributions	1,275,300	6.4%	1,217,620	-		-
Capital grants	864,338	4.3%	3,144,452	-		-
General revenues						
Property taxes	16,898,507	84.7%	16,709,219	-		-
Assessment income	-	-	-	79,717	7.7%	78,782
Transfers	20,522	0.1%	60,000	(20,522)	-2.0%	(60,000)
Interest income	23,336	0.1%	25,608	33,707	3.3%	93,990
Total revenues	19,956,000	100.0%	21,455,104	1,033,400	100.0%	946,245
Expenses						
General administration	6,261,733	38.8%	6,174,473	-		-
Information and education	244,062	1.5%	314,226	-		-
Flood prevention	4,529,515	28.1%	4,196,969	-		_
Erosion control	3,492,165	21.6%	1,715,794	-		-
Water quality	594,338	3.7%	942,429	-		_
Recreation	921,251	5.7%	645,463	-		-
Forestry and wildlife	94,859	0.6%	591,520	-		-
Major proprietary funds	-		-	593,025	58.8%	537,909
Other proprietary funds	_			415,149	41.2%	684,761
Total expenses	16,137,923	100.0%	14,580,874	1,008,174	100.0%	1,222,670
Change in net assets	3,818,077		6,874,230	25,226		(276,425)
Beginning net assets	138,109,334		131,235,104	7,735,974		8,012,399
Ending net assets	\$ 141,927,411	•	\$ 138,109,334	\$ 7,761,200		\$ 7,735,974

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Fund

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be reported in a separate fund. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$10,705,541 to \$20,947,061 due to expenditure of bond proceeds to acquire land and begin construction of specific flood control projects.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The District's major proprietary funds for this fiscal year were Washington County Rural Water System #2 and Washington County Rural Water System #1. Net assets of these funds decreased \$56,973. Net assets of the non-major proprietary funds increased by \$82,199. Total proprietary fund net assets increased by \$25,226.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's Board of Directors adopts a budget each fiscal year that complies with the reporting regulations imposed by the State of Nebraska. This budget can be modified during the year with the approval of the Board. Economic factors, such as property tax rates and the availability of federal and state funding, play a major role in the District's budgeting process.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012, was \$119,875,647 and \$4,586,483 respectively. The net investment increased 14.1% for governmental and increased 6.1% for business-type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$17,699,291 in bonds, notes, and leases outstanding. \$3,173,376 of this debt is attributable to the proprietary funds for construction of the rural water distribution systems. \$12,815,000 is attributable to general obligation bonds issued for construction of flood control projects, \$1,548,861 to construction financing for the Washington County Service Center, and \$162,054 to capital leases of equipment.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Factors considered in preparing the District's budget for fiscal year 2013 include the following:

- Property tax receipts of \$17.2 million are expected. This is a slight increase from the previous fiscal year due to a slight increase in property valuation with the tax levy remaining constant.
- Projects related to flood prevention, erosion control, and recreational trails are anticipated to require the heaviest expenditures during fiscal year 2013. These projects will be financed by several methods, including federal and/or state funding, cost sharing agreements with other local governments, property taxes and general obligation bond proceeds from special authority granted by the 2009 Nebraska Legislature intended to provide funding of flood control projects.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the District Accountant at 8901 South 154th Street, Omaha, NE 68138.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

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ASSETS

		Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,867,292	\$ 808,658	\$ 10,675,950
Cash on deposit with County Treasurers	562,197	•	562,197
Certificates of deposit	50,000	1,071,706	1,121,706
Taxes receivable	7,989,331	•	7,989,331
Service receivables	28,734	105,120	133,854
Interest receivable	40	5,904	5,944
Current portion of installment receivable	•	355,054	355,054
Prepaid expenses	279,087	· -	279,087
Intergovernmental receivables	2,490,456	_	2,490,456
Intrafund balances	111,919	(111,919)	, . -
Inventories	· <u>.</u>	51,059	51,059
Land held for sale	785,000	-	785,000
Total current assets	22,164,056	2,285,582	24,449,638
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5,001,370	197,700	5,199,070
Restricted certificates of deposit	-	42,199	42,199
Installment receivable, less current portion	-	680,921	680,921
Intergovernmental receivables	786,855	•	786,855
Capital assets			
Land	53,119,547	3,000	53,122,547
Construction in progress	20,330,697	-	20,330,697
Capital improvements and infrastructure	113,799,860	9,458,024	123,257,884
Buildings and improvements	6,637,949	-	6,637,949
Vehicles and equipment	3,989,912	66,401	4,056,313
Accumulated depreciation	(63,476,403)	(1,767,566)	(65,243,969)
Total capital assets	134,401,562	7,759,859	142,161,421
Total noncurrent assets	140,189,787	8,680,679	148,870,466
	\$ 162,353,843	\$ 10,966,261	\$ 173,320,104
LIAB	ILITIES AND NET ASSETS		·
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 5,062,743	\$ 24,324	\$ 5,087,067
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings	148,731	•	148,731
Accrued expenses	49,366	7,361	56,727
Current portion of long-term debt	931,536	366,416	1,297,952
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	161,507	-	161,507
Total current liabilities	6,353,883	398,101	6,751,984
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:			
Long-term debt, less current portion	13,594,379	2,806,960	16,401,339
Accrued compensated absences, less current portion	478,170	-	478,170
Total long-term liabilities	14,072,549	2,806,960	16,879,509
Total liabilities	20,426,432	3,205,061	23,631,493
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	119,875,647	4,586,483	124,462,130
Restricted	5,001,370	239,899	5,241,269
Unrestricted	17,050,394	2,934,818	19,985,212
Total net assets	141,927,411	7,761,200	149,688,611
	\$ 162,353,843	\$ 10,966,261	\$ 173,320,104

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		١		Prog	Program Revenues		Net Revenue (f	Net Revenue (Expenses) and Changes in Net Assets	iges in	Net Assets
Functions/Programs	Expenses	 	Charges for Services	and Ope	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	0	Primary Government Business-type Activities		Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: General administration	\$ 6,261,733	⇔	814,320	·	9,826	ь	- \$ (5.437.587)	· σ	(/	(5 437,587)
Information and education	244,062							,	•	(244,062)
Flood prevention	4,529,515	10	34,400		679,108	751,838	9			(3,064,169)
Erosion control	3,492,165	ın	1		473,561	112,500		•		(2,906,104)
Water quality	594,338	m	920		102,541		- (491,227)	•		(491,227)
Recreation	921,251		24,573		10,264		- (886,414)	•		(886,414)
Forestry and wildlife	94,859	_ 	134		1		- (94,725)	•		(94,725)
	16,137,923	ml	873,997		1,275,300	864,338	(13,124,288)	1		(13,124,288)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:										
Washington County Rural Water #2	243,527	~	157,665		•		•	(85,862)		(85,862)
Washington County Rural Water #1	349,498	m r	350,418		ı		1	920		920
Notification proprietary lutinas	410,14	. 	432,415		1		1	17,266		17,266
	1,008,174	+	940,498		1			(67,676)		(67,676)
	\$ 17,146,097	*∥ -	1,814,495	€9	1,275,300	\$ 864,338	(13,124,288)	(67,676)		(13,191,964)
] 								
		8	GENERAL REVENUES:	UES:						
		_ `	Property taxes Assessment income	9			16,898,507	- 70 747		16,898,507
		. — ,	Interest income)			23,336	33,707		57,043
			Iransiers				20,522	(20,522)		
							16,942,365	92,902		17,035,267
		CHA	IANGE IN NET ASSETS	\SSET	Ø		3,818,077	25,226		3,843,303
		NET	T ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	GINNII	VG OF YEAR		138,109,334	7,735,974		145,845,308
		NET	T ASSETS - END OF YEAR	D OF)	ÆAR		\$ 141,927,411	\$ 7,761,200	€>	149,688,611

See Accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2012



	<u>G</u>	eneral Fund
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,867,292
Cash on deposit with County Treasurers		562,197
Certificates of deposit		50,000
Receivables:		·
Taxes		7,989,331
Services		28,734
Interest		42
Prepaid expenses		279,085
Due from:		
Funding agencies - federal programs		1,060,955
Other governmental entities		2,216,356
Other funds		111,919
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		5,001,370
Land held for sale		785,000
	\$	27,952,281
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	5,062,743
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings		148,731
Accrued expenses		210,873
Deferred revenue		1,582,873
Total liabilities		7,005,220
FUND BALANCE:		
Nonspendable		279,085
Restricted		6,062,325
Committed		398,344
Assigned		50,000
Unassigned		14,157,307
Total fund balance		20,947,061
	\$	27,952,281

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS **GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2012**

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\$ 141,927,411

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements:
therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements:
Land and infrastructure \$ 53,119,547
Construction in progress 20,330,697
Capital improvements 113,799,860
Buildings and improvements 6,637,949
Vehicles and equipment 3,989,912
Accumulated depreciation (63,476,403)
134,401,562
Liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the governmental funds:
Compensated absences (478,170)
Bonds and notes payable (14,525,915)
Property tax revenues, not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year end, are not
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. 1,582,873

Total Net Assets of Governmental Activities

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 DRAFT

REVENUES:	
General administration	\$ 17,769,677
Flood prevention	1,465,643
Erosion control	586,061
Forestry and wildlife	145
Water quality	103,111
Recreation	 34,837
Total revenues	 19,959,474
EXPENDITURES:	
Flood prevention	5,681,766
General administration	8,024,551
Erosion control	11,929,945
Recreation	3,399,277
Forestry and wildlife	811,598
Water quality	594,338
Information and education	244,062
Total expenditures	30,685,537
OTHER SOURCES	
Transfers	 20,522
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	(10,705,541)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 31,652,602
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 20,947,061

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Government Fund		\$	(10,705,541)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlays and capital asset expenditures: Land, improvements and construction in progress additions Vehicles, machinery, equipment, and furniture	\$ 15,659,927 740,843		16 400 770
Depreciation expense Net book value of disposals			16,400,770 (2,262,048) (35,271)
Principal payments on bonds use current financial resources of governmental funds. However, these payments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.			
Principal payments on bonds and leases Proceed from issuance of capital leases			908,747 (234,662)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
Decrease in long-term compensated absences			18,832
Full accrual accounting records tax revenues when earned. Modified accrual records tax revenues that are measurable and available.			
Difference in property tax revenue accrual			(272,750)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	3,818,077

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012



ASSETS	Total (Memorandum Only)	Washington County Rural Water #2	Washington County Rural Water #1	Non-major Proprietary Funds	
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 808,658	\$ 89,098	\$ 191,793	\$ 527,767	
Certificates of deposit	1,071,706	198,395	500,000	373,311	
Service receivables	105,120	19,808	38,506	46,806	
Interest receivable	5,904	3,663	820	1,421	
Due from other funds	1,093		-	1,093	
Current portion of installment receivable	355,054	355,054	_	, ·	
Inventories	51,059	10,795	12,421	27,843	
Total current assets	2,398,594	676,813	743,540	978,241	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:	407 700	407.700			
Reserved cash and cash equivalents	197,700	197,700	-	40.400	
Restricted certificates of deposit	42,199	-		42,199	
Installment receivable, less current portion	680,921	680,921	-	-	
Capital assets	2.000		4.000	0.000	
Land	3,000	4 070 007	1,000	2,000	
Capital improvements and infrastructure	9,458,024	4,973,807	1,864,000	2,620,217	
Vehicles and equipment	66,401	(040,000)	35,675	30,726	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,767,566		(614,624)	(836,559)	
Total capital assets	7,759,859	4,657,424	1,286,051	1,816,384	
Total non-current assets	8,680,679	5,536,045	1,286,051	1,858,583	
	\$ 11,079,273	\$ 6,212,858	\$ 2,029,591	\$ 2,836,824	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$ 24,324	\$ 1,654	\$ 7,218	\$ 15,452	
Accrued expenses	7,361	3,477	1,295	2,589	
Due to other funds	113,012	22,952	32,051	58,009	
Current portion of long-term debt	366,416	345,000		21,416	
Total current liabilities	511,113	373,083	40,564	97,466	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES					
Long-term debt, less current portion	2,806,960	2,435,000		371,960	
Total liabilities	3,318,073	2,808,083	40,564	469,426	
NET ASSETS:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,586,483	1,877,424	1,286,051	1,423,008	
Restricted	239,899	197,700	-	42,199	
Unrestricted	2,934,818	1,329,651	702,976	902,191	
Total net assets	7,761,200	3,404,775	1,989,027	2,367,398	
	\$ <u>11,079,273</u>	\$ 6,212,858	\$ 2,029,591	\$ 2,836,824	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



	(Mem	Total orandum Only)	ashington Washington County County al Water #2 Rural Water #1		Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Water sales	\$	850,238	\$ 141,098	\$	301,968	\$ 407,172
Customer charges and hookup fees		70,373	15,582		35,242	19,549
Miscellaneous		19,887	985		13,208	5,694
Total operating revenues		940,498	 157,665		350,418	 432,415
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Repairs and maintenance		26,236	10,607		12,741	2,888
Supplies and postage		11,025	218		2,640	8,167
Professional services		12,814	5,442		2,819	4,553
Personnel		312,920	26,416		110,601	175,903
Telephone, utilities, and rent		20,754	-		11,123	9,631
Miscellaneous		4,652	1,667		1,314	1,671
Water purchase		226,953	22,644		106,624	97,685
Contract costs		144,626	18,795		72,938	52,893
Project construction and land		725	-		_	725
Project operation and maintenance		-	-		-	-
Depreciation and amortization		109,702	50,474		27,843	31,385
Vehicle expense		6,959	-		-	6,959
Bond expenditures		_	-			-
Indirect cost		1,493	-		855	638
Total operating expenses		878,859	136,263		349,498	 393,098
OPERATING INCOME		61,639	21,402		920	39,317
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):						
Assessment revenue		79,717	-		-	79,717
Interest income		33,707	24,823		3,146	5,738
Interest expense		(129,315)	(107,264)		-	(22,051)
Transfer to other funds		(20,522)	 -		-	 (20,522)
Total non-operating income (expense)		(36,413)	(82,441)		3,146	 42,882
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		25,226	(61,039)		4,066	82,199
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		7,735,974	 3,465,814		1,984,961	 2,285,199
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	7,761,200	\$ 3,404,775	\$	1,989,027	\$ 2,367,398

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



	(Memo	Total randum Only)		Vashington ral Water #2		/ashington al Water #1		on-Major etary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers	\$	916,149	\$	149,796	\$	345,314	\$	421,039
Cash paid to employees		(312,922)		(26,418)		(110,601)		(175,903)
Cash paid to suppliers		(462,485)		(52,704)		(226,954)		(182,827)
Net cash provided by operating activities		140,742		70,674		7,759		62,309
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Investments (purchased) proceeds		(202,293)		(198,395)		(124,922)		121,024
Payments from installment receivable		322,175		322,175		(12-1,022)		-
Interest received		35,231		27,078		3,082		5,071
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		155,113		150,858		(121,840)		126,095
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		100,110		130,838		(121,040)		120,095
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Transfer to other funds		(20,522)		-		-		(20,522)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Payments on long-term debt		(365,214)		(345,000)		-		(20,214)
Purchases of capital assets		(6,330)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(6,330)		(I //
Interest paid		(129,315)		(107,264)		(-,,		(22,051)
Assessments received		79,717		(,=,		_		79,717
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related		70,111						
financing activities	<u></u>	(421,142)		(452,264)		(6,330)		37,452
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(145,809)		(230,732)		(120,411)		205,334
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,152,167		517,530		312,204		322,433
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,006,358	\$	286,798	\$	191,793	\$	527,767
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)								
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS								
Operating income	\$	61,639	\$	21,402	\$	920	\$	39,317
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	7	- 1,	•	,	•		•	**!-**
to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		109,702		50,474		27,843		31,385
Changes in assets and liabilities		100,102		00,474		27,040		01,000
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(24,349)		(7,869)		(5,104)		(11,376)
				(1,009)		2,425		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		1,332		4,245		۷,425		(1,093)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		2,733		•		(40.400)		(1,512)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(19,551)		30		(18,190)		(1,391)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		98		(436)		271		263
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		9,138		2,828		(406)		6,716
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	140,742	\$	70,674	\$	7,759	\$	62,309

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2012

JUNE 30	, 2012	AFT
ASSE	тѕ	
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 354,654
		\$ 354,654
LIABILITIES AND	NET ASSETS	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Deferred revenue Total liabilities		\$ 18,000 187,500 205,500
NET ASSETS Held in trust for other organizations		 149,154
		\$ 354,654

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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ADDITIONS Partnership dues Interest	\$ 369,000 634
Total additions	 369,634
DEDUCTIONS	
Reimbursement to Omaha	310,397
Administration fees	15,279
Miscellaneous expenses	 138
Total deductions	 325,814
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	43,820
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 105,334
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 149,154

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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Introduction

This summary of significant accounting policies of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") is presented to assist in understanding the District's government-wide and fund financial statements. These financial statements and notes are representations of the District's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Organization and Principal Activity

The District is one of 23 natural resource districts organized under the laws of the State of Nebraska to aid in the conservation, protection, development, and management of the natural resources of the State. Furthermore, the District participates in jointly funded governmental improvement projects. These projects are cost-sharing arrangements, as the District does not necessarily retain an ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the projects.

Reporting Entity

The District follows the standards promulgated by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, that define the financial reporting entity as the one consisting of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements include the transactions of the District's primary government and one fiduciary fund. The primary government has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other governments. The District has no component units and is not a component unit of any other governmental entity.

Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable to governmental organizations in the United States. Such principles are prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles in the United States of America. In accordance with these principles, the financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED



Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and grants from other governments, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to support its operations.

In the government-wide statement of net assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column (individual funds are not presented). Because of the economic resource measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, all financial and capital resources of the District, including long-term assets as well as long-term debt, are reported. Liabilities with maturities greater than one year are reported in two components: the amount due within one year and that due in more than one year.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in four categories:

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets – expendable include resources in which the District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Restricted net assets – nonexpendable consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purposes of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the three preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often are designated, to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Program revenues include charges for services, which report fees and other charges to users of the District's services, operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income, and capital grants and contributions, which fund the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of capital assets. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED



Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in an individual fund based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which the spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into generic fund types in the fund financial statements of this report as follows:

Governmental Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the operation of the District's activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. Generally, the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expense of providing goods or services to others on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through sales or other forms of user charges. All proprietary funds are accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their Statement of Net Assets.

The District reports the Washington County Rural Water System #2 and the Washington County Rural Water System #1 as major proprietary funds presented individually in the financial statements. These funds account for fees charged for rural water services provided to residents in the respective counties. The remaining non-major funds are presented in accordance with the criteria set forth by GASB.

Fiduciary Fund

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. The District is the administering agent of the Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership is comprised of local governments that are wholly or partially in the Papillion Creek Watershed that have combined resources to fund engineering studies.

Governmental fund equity is reported as fund balance. For governmental funds, the fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

a. Nonspendable - This fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

- b. Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the Board of Directors to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposed stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the District can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.
- c. Committed This fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of Directors, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or the General Manager delegated that authority by the Board of Directors.
- e. Unassigned This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The District complies with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District applies all relevant GASB Pronouncements. Proprietary funds apply Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board ("APB") opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB Pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period levied, regardless of when the cash is collected. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Measuring Focus/Basis of Accounting, Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this period, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Proceeds from long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures, such as principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is due.

The proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial reporting purposes, the District classifies all highly-liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value which approximates cost. The District's investment policy allows investment in U.S. government obligations and short-term interest bearing investments consisting of certificates of deposit and other income producing securities. It is also the District's policy to report interest earned but not received in a separate account from the principal.

Taxes Receivable

Delinquent taxes are considered fully-collectible so no allowance for uncollectible taxes is considered necessary. Tax amounts not received within sixty days are considered deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements.

Inventories

The proprietary funds' inventories, consisting primarily of maintenance supplies, are stated at cost. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and improvements over \$5,000 are capitalized and minor replacements, maintenance, and repairs are charged to expense accounts as incurred. Interest costs incurred on funds used to construct property, plant, and equipment are capitalized and recorded as part of the asset to which it relates and are amortized over the asset's useful life.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation of the individual asset are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations for the respective period. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method for financial statement purposes. The estimated useful lives for significant capital asset categories are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Capital improvements and infrastructure	7-100
Buildings and improvements	20-30
Vehicles and equipment	3–10
Water distribution systems	25-50

In the governmental fund financial statements, structural improvements (reservoirs, drainage systems, or any other projects) constructed by the District for any of its purposes are recorded as expenditures at the time of construction. In addition, major acquisitions of land that may have a future saleable value associated with project costs are reported as capital improvements and are recorded as a current period governmental fund expenditure.

In the government-wide financial statements, structural improvements, land acquisitions, equipment purchases, public domain costs, infrastructure costs (such as dams, levees, reservoirs and drainage systems), and similar assets are included as capital assets. The District records proposed infrastructure at the historical cost of the land until the actual infrastructure construction costs are incurred and capitalized.

Compensated Absences

The District's employees are granted annual leave and sick pay in varying amounts based on length of service and actual hours worked. Annual leave and unused sick pay may be carried over at year-end up to 53 days and 180 days, respectively. After one year of service, employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave and 25% of accrued sick leave, upon termination.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the counties on December 31 and are delinquent if not paid by March or April 1 and August or September 1 following the levy date. The seven counties located within the District collect the taxes levied by the District. The portion of the property taxes levied by the District is remitted from the counties as the taxes are collected, less a one percent commission. For fiscal year 2012, the taxes levied totaled \$17,011,250 at a tax levy rate of \$0.032753 per \$100 of valuation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Property Taxes, Continued

The placement of a lien against property with delinquent taxes in the various counties is at the discretion of the respective county attorneys. However, the vast majority of delinquent property taxes are purchased through transactions called tax certificate sales. In the event the property owner does not pay the property taxes to the County Treasurer within three years, the holder of the tax certificate has the right to take ownership of the property.

Use of Estimates

Preparing the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses/Interfund Activity

The District is responsible for paying all employee wages and vehicle and fuel expenses of the rural water district proprietary funds. The portion of these expenses directly attributable to the proprietary funds, plus a 15% surcharge to cover administrative costs, is billed to and reimbursed by each rural water district. General administration services include overall District management, centralized budgetary formulation and oversight, accounting, payroll, investing and cash management, personnel services, and other general administration services. Services provided are treated as revenues and expenses in the respective funds. The actual amount of indirect cost reimbursement received by the District at June 30, 2012, was \$336,042. These reimbursements are included as an offset in the general administration expenses in the Statement of Activities.

Cost Sharing Reimbursements

The District participates in multiple cost sharing agreements with various other governmental entities, such as the City of Omaha or other area natural resource districts, on a regular basis. These agreements provide funding for recreational trails, water drainage systems, and other improvements that benefit the general public. The District's share of the cost is stated in each of the cost sharing agreements, most often as a maximum amount to be paid. The District normally does not retain an interest in the projects, with the city or other governmental entities providing the routine maintenance as necessary.

Economic Dependency

The District receives the majority of its revenues from property tax rates subject to legislative change and from various grants funded by federal, state, and local governments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Other Assets

In the prior year, the District agreed to accept the deed to nine residential lots subject to special assessments payable in exchange for a \$580,000 note plus accrued interest of \$39,168 from a developer that was in default. On November 30, 2010, the District received a professional appraiser's report stating that the aggregate retail value of the nine lots, if sold separately, was \$785,000. The lots had accrued special assessments and accrued interest of \$258,977, which were paid in September 2011. The lots are reported in the financial statements at fair value as land held for sale. Management believes the value of these lots has not changed from the appraisal date and is in the process of listing and selling the lots.

2. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted each fiscal year for the General and Proprietary Funds on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") as required by statute. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information in accordance with the statutory requirements of the Nebraska Budget Act:

On or before August 1, District management prepares and transmits a budget for each District fund showing the projected requirements, outstanding warrants, operating reserve, cash on hand at the close of the preceding fiscal year, projected revenue collected from sources other than property tax and amount to be raised by property taxation. At least one public hearing must be held by the District's Board of Directors.

On or before September 20, the budget is adopted by the Board of Directors and the amounts provided therein are appropriated. Once approved by the Board of Directors, the legally adopted budget can be modified only with the approval of the Board. No supplemental appropriations or modifications were made from the original budget.

All appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year.

The District Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund through resolution. The Board may allow certain accounts to exceed 110% of their budgeted amount if District personnel provide reasonable justification for doing so before the expenditures occur.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Actual and Budget (Budgetary Basis) – Governmental Fund presents comparisons of legally adopted budgets to actual data prepared in accordance with the accounting basis indicated above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the District to invest excess cash in deposits at banks designated as depositories of the District, certificates of deposit, time deposits and in any securities in which the State investment officer is authorized to invest and as provided in the investment guidelines of the Nebraska Investment Council.

Deposits and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2012:

UNRESTRICTED AND UNRESERVED:	<u>Total</u>	General Fund	Proprietary <u>Funds</u>
Checking accounts and petty cash Cash on hand at County Treasurers	\$ 10,277,606 562,197	\$ 9,468,948 562,197	\$ 808,658
Certificates of deposit	<u>1,071,706</u>		1,071,706
Total unrestricted and unreserved cash, cash equivalents and certificates of deposit	11,911,509	10,031,145	1,880,364
UNRESTRICTED BUT RESERVED:			
Checking accounts	398,344	398,344	-
Certificates of deposit	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	
Total unrestricted but reserved cash, cash equivalents and certificates of			
deposit	448,344	448,344	
RESTRICTED:			
Money markets and checking accounts Money market fund	197,700 5,001,370	5,001,370	197,700
Certificates of deposit	42,199	3,001,370	42,199
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents and			
certificates of deposit	5,241,269	5,001,370	239,899
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 17,601,122</u>	<u>\$ 15,480,859</u>	\$_2,120,263

The carrying amount of the District's deposits, including fiduciary funds, was \$12,392,209 and the bank balances were \$12,426,043 at June 30, 2012. Certificates of deposit have been included in the bank and book balances for cash. At June 30, 2012, the entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance coverage, the full faith and credit of the United States government or collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

Investments are stated at fair value, which at June 30, 2012 approximates cost. For fiscal year 2012, the District invested only in U.S. Treasury bills, other federal obligations, or certificates of deposits within federally insured banks and money market funds investing in these securities. As of June 30, 2012, the District had \$5,001,370 invested in a government money market fund. Due to the liquidity and nature of this fund, it is considered a cash equivalent for financial reporting purposes. The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

The District mitigates the following types of deposit and investment risks through compliance with the State Statutes referred to above and through compliance with its investment policies. However, the District has not adopted a policy to manage interest rate risk. The three types of deposit and investment risks are the following:

- <u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> for deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the
 event of the failure of a bank or other counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the
 value of its deposits or investments or collateral securities in the possession of a third-party.
- <u>Credit Risk</u> for deposits and investments, credit risk is the risk that a bank or other counterparty
 defaults on its principal and/or interest payments owed to the District.
- <u>Interest Rate Risk</u> for deposits and investments, interest rate risk is the risk that the value of deposits and investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates.

4. RESERVED/RESTRICTED FUNDS

The Board of Directors, by resolution, has established a sinking fund and reserved/restricted cash accounts for various purposes. All of the accounts are fully funded at their required levels at June 30, 2012. The following is a summary of the reservations placed on cash and investments for the year ended June 30, 2012:

General Sinking Funds:

_		
Unrestricted, but Reserved Certificate of Deposit	\$	50,000
Unrestricted, but Reserved Cash Accounts:		
Reserved for Wetland Mitigation and the development of future wetlands.		5,428
The Board of Directors, by resolution has reserved funds to be spent on costs incurred for Watershed Projects (WPRB-5, DS-15A, and Zorinksy		240.070
Basin 1).		249,970
The Board of Directors, by resolution and in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act Agreement, has reserved funds to reimburse parties to this agreement that incurred costs as a result of the removal of ice jams.		142,946
Restricted Cash Accounts:		
The Board of Directors, by resolution, has established a bond escrow which shall be restricted for use on the specific projects including Pigeon Jones, Western Sarpy Clear Creek, Waterloo Levee, WPRB-5, Dam Site		
15-A, and Zorinksy Basin 1.	:	5,001,370
Total general fund reserves	\$	<u>5,449,714</u>

Proprietary Sinking Funds:

In compliance with loan covenants for the notes described in Note 9, the Proprietary Funds have restricted \$239,899. Thurston County has restricted a certificate of deposit in the amount of \$42,199 and Washington County Rural Water #2 has restricted cash in the amount of \$197,700.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



5. INTERNAL BALANCES/INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

Outstanding balances between funds reported as "due to/due from other funds" include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services, goods, or other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Interfund balances at June 30, 2012, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

<u>Due to</u>	<u>Due from</u>	<u> </u>	<u> Mount</u>
General Fund	Thurston County Rural Water	\$	13,384
General Fund	Washington Co. Rural Water #1		32,051
General Fund	Dakota County Rural Water		36,936
General Fund	Washington Co. Rural Water #2		22,952
General Fund	Other Proprietary Funds		6, <u>596</u>
	• •	\$	111.919

6. DUE FROM FUNDING AGENCIES

Revenue from governmental grants and contracts are recognized as earned when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Funds received from the various agencies less than or greater than the expenditures of the program are recorded as assets or liabilities, respectively. At June 30, 2012, \$2,216,356 was due from other governmental agencies.

The District has entered into several construction agreements that involve reimbursement from the federal government for a portion of the District's expenses associated with those construction projects. At June 30, 2012, the District had receivables due from the federal government in the amount of \$1,060,955.

7. INSTALLMENT RECEIVABLES

Proprietary Funds Receivable:

Installment receivables due under interlocal agreements bear interest at rates ranging from 2.85% to 3.5%. Installment receivables were reduced for unearned finance charges of \$51,811 at June 30, 2012. Unearned finance charges are amortized to interest income using a method, that approximates the interest method. Included in the amount on the balance sheet is \$15,996 of interest due in the current year, but received after year-end.

A summary of installment receivables at June 30, 2012 are as follows:

2013	\$ 361,424
2014	357,632
2015	<u>352,734</u>
Gross installment receivables	1,071,790
Less: unearned finance charges	<u>(51,811</u>)
Installment receivables, net	<u>\$ 1,019,979</u>
Current balance	\$ 339,058
Long-term balance	<u>680,921</u>
	<u>\$ 1,019,979</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

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The following is a summary of the capital assets of the governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, these amounts are included in the Statement of Net Assets. These amounts are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

,	Balance <u>June 30, 2011</u>	Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Not depreciated Land	\$ 45,370,814	\$ 7,748,733	\$ -	\$ 53,119,547
Construction in progress	18,592,133	6,966,420	(5,227,856)	20,330,697
	63,962,947	<u> 14,715,153</u>	(5,227,856)	73,450,244
Depreciated Capital				
improvements and infrastructure Buildings and	109,792,431	4,007,429	-	113,799,860
improvements Vehicles and	4,472,748	2,165,201	-	6,637,949
equipment	3,557,441	740,843	(308,372)	<u>3,989,912</u>
	117,822,620	6,913,473	(308,372)	124,427,721
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(61,487,456</u>)	(2,262,048)	273,101	(63,476,403)
	56,335,164	4,651,425	(35,271)	60,951,318
	<u>\$ 120,298,111</u>	<u>\$ 19,366,578</u>	<u>\$ (5,263,127</u>)	<u>\$ 134,401,562</u>

The governmental funds allocated depreciation expense in the government-wide financial statements to the primary government functions as follows:

General administration	7	38,457
Recreation Flood control		279,909 343.682
V		
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 2,2</u>	<u> 262,048</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

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8. CAPITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the capital assets of the Proprietary Funds:

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Not depreciated Land	\$ 3,000	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 3,000</u>
Depreciated Capital improvements and infrastructure				
	9,458,024	-	-	9,458,024
Vehicles and equipment	60,071	6,330		66,401
	9,518,095	6,330	-	9,524,425
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,657,864)	(109,702)	_	(1,767,566)
	7,860,231	(103,372)	-	<u>7,756,859</u>
	<u>\$ 7,863,231</u>	<u>\$ (103,372</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 7,759,859</u>

9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

General Fund Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2012. In the government-wide financial statements, this amount is included in the Statement of Net Assets. This amount is not reported in the governmental fund statements.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Series</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	Principal <u>Payable</u>	Payment <u>Ranges</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Principal <u>Balance</u>
General	2011	December 2030	Semi-Annual	\$ 485,000 to \$ 905,000	1.146% to 6.032%	\$12,815,000
General		March 2016	Semi-Annual	\$352,000 to \$408,000	3.69%	1,548,861
General		December 2013	Monthly		5.80% to 5.96%	36,775
General		August 2016	Annually		3.20%	125,279
						\$14,525,915

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

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General Fund Long-term Debt, Continued:

Governmental <u>Activities</u> :	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds Note Payable	\$13,300,000	\$ -	\$ (485,000)	\$ 12,815,00	\$ 510,000
American National Bank Capital Lease	1,900,000	-	(351,139)	1,548,86	365,694
Dell Financial		75,518	(38,743)	36,77	75 25,986
CAT Financial		<u> 159,144</u>	(33,8 <u>65)</u>	125,27	<u> 29,856</u>
Total	<u>\$15,200,000</u>	\$ 234,662	<u>\$ (908,747)</u>	<u>\$ 14,525,9</u>	<u>\$ 931,536</u>
Proprietary Funds Long	-term Debt:				
	Due	Principal	Payment	Interest	Principal
<u>Fund</u> <u>Series</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Payable</u>	<u>Ranges</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Washington Rural Water #2 2011A Washington	June 2032	Annual	\$45,000 to \$295,000 \$50,000 to	1.00%- 5.00%	\$ 2,130,000
Rural Water #2 2011B	June 2014	Annual	\$600,000	5.25%	650,000
Thurston Rural Water 1982 Thurston Rural	December 2022 February	Annual	Based on water fees Based on	5.00%	200,117
Water 1993	2033	Annual	water fees	5.63%	193,259
Total long-term debt					3,173,376
Less portion due within one	e year				<u>366,416</u>
Long-term portion	-				<u>\$ 2,806,960</u>

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

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Proprietary Funds Long-term Debt, Continued:

Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additi</u>	<u>ions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
\$ 2,425,000	\$	-	\$ 295,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 295,000
700,000		-	50,000	650,000	50,000
215,510		-	15,393	200,117	16,595
•			•	•	·
<u> 198,080</u>		-	4,821	193,259	4,821
	_				
<u>\$ 3,538,590</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$ 365,214</u>	\$ 3,173,376	<u>\$ 366,416</u>
	\$ 2,425,000 700,000 215,510	### Balance Addition ### Substitute ### Substitute ### Addition ### Substitute ### Addition ### Substitute ### Addition ### Substitute ### Addition ### Addition ### Substitute ### Substitu	Balance Additions \$ 2,425,000 \$ - 700,000 - 215,510 - 198,080 -	Balance Additions Reductions \$ 2,425,000 - \$ 295,000 700,000 - 50,000 215,510 - 15,393 198,080 - 4,821	Balance Additions Reductions Balance \$ 2,425,000 \$ - \$ 295,000 \$ 2,130,000 700,000 - 50,000 650,000 215,510 - 15,393 200,117 198,080 - 4,821 193,259

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Year(s) ending		Genera	! Fun	d		Proprieta	ry Fu	nds		To	tal	
June 30,	Prir	ncipal		Interest	F	rincipal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2013	\$ 9	931,536	\$	675,289	\$	366,416	\$	122,158	\$	1,297,952	\$	797,447
2014		952,467		654,434		917,233		114,905		1,869,700		769,339
2015	(960,923		625,702		318,376		77,690		1,279,299		703,392
2016	1.0	025,988		593,449		69,578		71,030		1,095,566		664,479
2017	΄;	560,001		560,397		70,843		68,505		630,844		628,902
2018-2022	3.0	065,000	:	2,385,904		405,108		298,970		3,470,108	2	2,684,874
2023-2027	3.0	615,000		1,541,786		356,624		219,361		3,971,624	•	1,761,147
2028-2032	•	415,000		422,089		646,297		127,668		4,061,297		549,757
2033-2036		<u> </u>	_			22,901		2,308	_	22,901		2,308
	\$ 14.5	525,915	\$	7,459,050	<u>\$</u> :	3,173,376	\$	1,102,5 <u>95</u>	\$	17,699,291	\$ 8	3,561,64 <u>5</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED



10. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

For governmental funds, the fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The District has identified fund balances on the Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund as of June 30, 2012 as follows:

Nonspendable Prepaid expenses		\$	279,085
Restricted Bond escrow Federal programs Total restricted	\$ 5,001,370 _1,060,995	(6,062,325
Committed Wetland mitigation Watershed fees Ice jam	\$ 5,428 249,970 <u>142,946</u>		
Total committed			398,344
Assigned Uninsured liability			50,000
Unassigned		14	4 <u>,157,307</u>
Total fund balance		<u>\$ 2</u> 0	0,674,061

11. ACCUMULATED UNPAID ANNUAL LEAVE AND SICK PAY

The estimated current portion of the liability for vested vacation benefits and sick leave is \$136,428 and \$25,079 at June 30, 2012, respectively. These amounts are recorded as expenditures and liabilities in the General Fund in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The long-term portion is \$182,459 and \$295,711, respectively, at June 30, 2012. These amounts are recorded as non-current liabilities in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and are not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. The amount of unvested sick leave benefits payable amounts to \$925,051 at June 30, 2012, and is not reported as an expenditure or liability in any of the District's June 30, 2012 financial statements.

The change in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

Governmental-type <u>Activity:</u>	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Compensated Absences	<u>\$ 643,975</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 4,298</u>	<u>\$ 639,677</u>	<u>\$ 161,507</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED



12. OPERATING LEASE

The District entered into a leasing agreement for copy machines in September 2011, and a leasing agreement for a desktop copier in December 2011. The District pays \$620 per month plus applicable taxes for the 60-month copier lease, and \$42 per month plus applicable taxes for the desktop copier lease, as well as a charge per copy that is paid quarterly. During fiscal year 2012, the District's operating lease expense was \$5,832. Following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments.

Year ending June 30,:	<u>Amount</u>
2013	\$ 7,944
2014	7,944
2015	7,692
2016	7,440
2017	1,860

13. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All of the District's eligible employees participate in the Nebraska Association of Resources Districts Employees' Governmental Retirement Plan, a statewide multiple-employer retirement system covering all eligible employees of Natural Resources Districts within the State of Nebraska.

All employees who are employed for a minimum of six months, are regularly scheduled to work at least thirty-seven and one-half hours per week, and are age nineteen or older are eligible to participate in the State retirement plan. The District requires all full-time employees to participate. Participants become fully vested after five years, which is applicable only to the employer's contribution.

Plan participants are required to contribute 5.5% of their compensation each pay period, and the District is required to contribute 6.0% of the employee's compensation for each pay period. The District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012 were \$180,909, which were the required contributions.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has committed future funds to several ongoing and new projects and cost share agreements. The total commitments under signed contracts at year-end were approximately \$9,527,300. Since the future expenditures will be included in the District's future budgets and are part of the District's function, these commitments have not been recorded in the District's financial statements.

The District engages in land development projects and occasionally invokes eminent domain to acquire the required land to undertake the project. The value of the land acquired by the District when eminent domain is invoked is determined by either a board of appraisers in the affected county, or through the judiciary. The amount of payments that may be required for land, if any, is unknown at June 30, 2012.

The District participates in various federal and state assisted grant and contract programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal and state regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any revision or disallowance resulting from a federal or state audit may become a liability of the District. The District's management believes such revisions or disallowances, if any, will not be material to the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED



14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED

Certain conditions may exist as of the date of the financial statements which may result in a loss to the District, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The District's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the District or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the District's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein. At June 30, 2012, a reasonable estimate could not be determined for any potential loss contingencies.

15. FIDUCIARY FUND: PAPILLION CREEK WATERSHED PARTNERSHIP

The Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership ("PCWP") was created in 2001 through an inter-local agreement to proactively deal with the demands on the Papillion Creek drainage area and to develop an implementation plan that addresses solutions to water quantity and quality problems. The Papillion Creek Watershed consists of the land area that conveys water to the Missouri River. The PCWP is comprised of 9 local governments that are wholly or partially in the Papillion Creek Watershed. These local governments fund engineering studies, but do not do any actual construction projects. The District is the administering agent.

16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees or acts of God. These risks are transferred to independent insurance carriers and no self-insurance program is maintained by the District. District management believes adequate coverage exists for potential exposures as of June 30, 2012. The District did not pay any settlement amounts, which exceeded its insurance coverage for the year ending June 30, 2012, 2011 or 2010.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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			Buo	lget			Variance Favorable
		Actual	 Original		Final	(L	Infavorable)
REVENUES			 				
General administration	\$	17,441,188	\$ 18,074,951	\$	18,074,951	\$	(633,763)
Watershed		34,237	29,572,339		29,572,339		(29,538,102)
Information and education		17,801	19,500		19,500		(1,699)
Flood control		1,637,826	4,056,064		4,056,064		(2,418,238)
Erosion control		133,022	2,357,018		2,357,018		(2,223,996)
Water quality		63,112	105,400		105,400		(42,288)
Recreation		24,573	2,728,100		2,728,100		(2,703,527)
Forestry and wildlife		39,247	 12,414	_	12,414		26,833
Total revenues		19,391,006	56,925,786		56,925,786		(37,534,780)
EXPENDITURES							
General administration		7.815,872	8,787,398		8,787,398		971,526
Watershed		402.218	33,370,000		33,370,000		32,967,782
Information and education		257,681	317,800		317,800		60,119
Flood control		5,679,684	13,145,684		13,145,684		7,466,000
Erosion control		11,896,296	13,634,838		13,634,838		1,738,542
Water quality		629,337	863,754		863,754		234,417
Recreation		2,689,829	6,680,303		6,680,303		3,990,474
Forestry and wildlife		144,222	1,492,500		1,492,500		1,348,278
Total expenditures		29,515,139	78,292,277		78,292,277		48,777,138
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES							
(BUDGETARY BASIS) AND OTHER SOURCES		(10,124,133)	 (21,366,491)	\$	(21,366,491)	\$	11,242,358
ADJUSTMENTS REQUIRED UNDER ACCOUNTING							
PRINCIPLES GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE							
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA					•		
To adjust revenues for accruals		354,803					
To adjust expenditures for accruals and prepaids	_	(936,211)					
(US GAAP BASIS) AND OTHER SOURCES	\$	(10,705,541)					

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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NOTE 1 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the cash basis of accounting accepted or approved by the State of Nebraska. Under this basis of accounting, encumbered cash is considered an expenditure and is reported as a disbursement in the year the cash is encumbered.

NOTE 2 - BUDGET LAW

The District is required by state law to hold public hearings and adopt annual budgets for all funds on the cash basis of accounting. Total expenditures for each fund may not exceed the total budgeted expenditures. Any revisions to the adopted budget of total expenditures to any fund require a public hearing.

SCHEDULE OF FUNCTIONAL REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE **GOVERNMENTAL FUND**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012	27 OF 17793
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DRAFT
REVENUES	
Property tax	\$ 17,158,033
State grants	535,255
Federal grants	1,370,099
Local agency grants	247,507
Miscellaneous	391,093
Rental income	234,152
Interest income	23,335
Total revenues	19,959,474
	,
EXPENDITURES	
Project construction and land	12,385,222
Special projects	57,578
Personnel	3,198,938
Professional services	2,256,954
Contract works	1,595,195
Cost-sharing and conservation assistance program	5,496,406
Employee benefits	801,390
Repairs and maintenance	381,530
Fees	176,746
Project legal costs	113,155
Information and education	93,622
Payroll taxes	239,975
Machinery and equipment	202,968
Insurance	258,596
Interest expense	695,120
Project operation and maintenance	785,691
Telephone, utilities, and rent	153,383
Miscellaneous	6,180
Vehicle expense	293,268
Vehicles	75,643
Travel	59,050
Printing and publications	69,360
Board of directors	64,764
Supplies and postage	150,880
Buildings	573,826
Indirect cost reimbursement	(336,042)
Debt service	836,139
Total expenditures	30,685,537
OTHER SOURCES AND USES	
Transfers	20,522
·	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	(10,705,541)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	31,652,602
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 20,947,061

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ACTUAL AND BUDGET PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



	Total	Total (Memorandum Only)	Only)	Washin	Washington Rural Water #2	er #2	Washin	Washington Rural Water #1	er #1	Non-Ma	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	Funds
			Budget		Budget	- 1		Budget	get		Budget	get
OPERATING REVENUES:	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final
Water sales	\$ 850,238	\$ 533,000	\$ 533,000	\$ 141,098	\$ 127,000	\$ 127,000	\$ 301,968	\$ 290,000	\$ 290,000	\$ 407,172	\$ 406,000	\$ 406,000
Customer charges and hookup fees	70,373	46,825	46,825	15,582	22,750	22,750	35,242	65,000	65,000	19,549	24,075	24,075
Miscellaneous	19,887	1,500	1,500	985			13,208	200	200	5,694	1,500	1,500
Total operating revenues	940,498	581,325	581,325	157,665	149,750	149,750	350,418	355,500	355,500	432,415	431,575	431,575
OPERATING EXPENSES:												
Repairs and maintenance	26,236	14,200	14,200	10,607	6,200	6,200	12,741	15,000	15,000	2,888	8,000	8,000
Supplies and postage	11,025	10,040	10,040	218	1,340	1,340	2,640	1,350	1,350	8,167	8,700	8,700
Professional services	12,814	37,050	37,050	5,442	5,500	5,500	2,819	28,250	28,250	4,553	31,550	31,550
Personnel	312,920	236,250	236,250	26,416	39,000	39,000	110,601	122,000	122,000	175,903	197,250	197,250
insurance	•	3,000	3,000		•	1	•	1,000	1,000	•	3,000	3,000
Telephone, utilities, and rent	20,754	10,750	10,750	1	•	•	11,123	11,500	11,500	9,631	10,750	10,750
Miscellaneous	4,652	4,225	4,225	1,667	1,700	1,700	1,314	13,500	13,500	1,671	2,525	2,525
Water purchase	226,953	135,000	135,000	22,644	25,000	25,000	106,624	101,000	101,000	97,685	110,000	110,000
Contract costs	144,626	97,500	97,500	18,795	35,000	35,000	72,938	125,000	125,000	52,893	62,500	62,500
Project construction and land	725	1,800	1,800	•	50	20	1	100	100	725	1,750	1,750
Project operation and maintenance	•	6,500	6,500	1	•		1	•	•	•	6,500	6,500
Depreciation and amortization	109,702	•		50,474	1	1	27,843	,		31,385	•	•
Vehicle expense	6,959	11,500	11,500	ı	3,000	3,000	1	•	ı	6,959	8,500	8,500
Bond expenditures	•	•	•	•	•	•		1	•	1	•	•
Indirect cost	1,493	1,300	1,300	١	100	100	855	350	350	638	1,200	1,200
Total operating expense	878,859	569,115	569,115	136,263	116,890	116,890	349,498	419,050	419,050	393,098	452,225	452,225
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	61,639	12,210	12,210	21,402	32,860	32,860	920	(63,550)	(63,550)	39,317	(20,650)	(20,650)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):												
Assessment revenue	79,717	78,500	78,500	•	•	į	•	•	1	79,717	78,500	78,500
Interest income	33,707	8,920		24,823	3,000	3,000	3,146	3,500	3,500	5,738	5,920	5,920
Interest expense	(129,315)	(119,055)		(107,264)	(107,555)	(107,555)		į	i	(22,051)	(11,500)	(11,500)
Transfers	(20,522)	(35,000)		,]			-	•		(20,522)	(35,000)	(35,000)
Total non-operating income (expense)	(36,413)	(66,635)	(66,635)	(82,441)	(104,555)	(104,555)	3,146	3,500	3,500	42,882	37,920	37,920
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	25,226	\$ (54,425)	\$ (54,425)	(61,039)	\$ (71,695)	\$ (71,695)	4,066	\$ (60,050)	\$ (60,050)	82,199	\$ 17,270	\$ 17,270
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,735,974			3,465,814		•	1,984,961			2,285,199		
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,761,200			\$ 3,404,775		, ,	\$ 1,989,027			\$ 2,367,398		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012



ASSETS	<u>1</u>	Total	Elkh	Elkhom River Stabilization	Elk/Pige Dra	Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage	Weste	Western Sarpy Drainage	ш <u>а</u>	Elkhom Breakout	Da Rural	Dakota Rural Water	Thurston County Rural Water	i County Water
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	es)	527.767	ы	103,467	67	25.623	69	119.658	€9	6.601	69	227.078	67	45.340
Certificates of deposit	•	373,311	,	•		1		1	,	1	,	373,311	•) i
Service receivables		46,806		•		•		•		95		35,205		11,506
Interest receivable		1,421		ı		ı		, 000		1		1,360		61
Current portion of installment receivable		580°1						SB)'.						. 1
Invertories		27,843		•		•		•		1		19,373		8,470
Total current assets		978,241		103,467		25,623		120,751		969'9		656,327		65,377
NONCURRENT ASSETS Restricted certificates of deposit		42,199		1		•		•		,		•		42,199
Capital assets Land		2,000		1		1		1		ı		1,000		1,000
Capital improvements and infrastructure		2,620,217		1		•		•		•		1,671,217		949,000
Venicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation		30,726										30,726		- (376 376)
Total capital assets		1,816,384						,		•		1,141,659		674,725
Total noncurrent assets		1,858,583						•		•		1,141,659		716,924
	6	2,836,824	69	103,467	so.	25,623	co-	120,751	es>	6,696	69	1,797,986	₩.	782,301
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS														
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable	₩	15,452	W	•		969	છ	•	€	•	es	11,517		3,237
Accrued expenses		2,589		' 1		- 000		ŀ		•		1,710		879
Due to other runds Current portion of long-term debt		23,009 21,416		, 55, 6 -		20c,1				• •		96,436 '		13,384
Total current liabilities		97,466		6,387		2,000		•		1		50,163		38,916
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term debt, less current portion		371,960		1				•		'		•		371,960
Total liabilities		469,426		6,387		2,000		4				50,163		410,876
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,423,008		,		•		•		'		1,141,659		281,349
Kestricted Unrestricted		42,199 902,191		- 80 26		23.623		120 751		' 999 '		606 164		42,199
Total net assets		2,367,398		97,080		23,623		120,751		969'9		1,747,823		371,425
	မှ	2,836,824	es.	103,467	s,	25,623	w	120,751	မ	969'9	ь	1,797,986	€	782,301

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



			Total		EIKħ	Elkhorn River Stabilization	zation	Elk/Pig	Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage	ainage
			Buc	Budget		Buc	Budget		Buc	Budget
	Actual	lai	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final
OPERATING REVENUES Water sales	⊗	407,172	\$ 406.000	\$ 406,000	69	· &	·	19	· 69	, 63
Customer charges and hookup fees		19,549	24,075		1		•	,		,
Sales		ı	ı	•	•	•	•	t	•	•
Miscellaneous		5,694	1,500	1,500	•	r	•	1	1	•
Total operating revenues	4	432,415	431,575	431,575	Ţ	1	1.		1	
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Repairs and maintenance		2,888	8,000	8,000	٠.	•		ř	ì	•
Supplies and postage		8,167	8,700	8,700	•	•	•	1	1	ı
Professional services		4,553	31,550	31,550	1	2,000	5,000	į	ı	٠
Personnel	-	175,903	197,250	197,250	900'2	200	200	4,392	6,050	6,050
Insurance		•	3,000	3,000	•	1	•	1	•	,
Telephone, utilities, and rent		9,631	10,750	10,750	•	•	1	1	1	•
Miscellaneous		1,671	2,525	2,525	į	•		9	1	•
Water purchase		97,685	110,000	110,000	1	•	1	•	•	1
Contract costs		52,893	62,500	62,500	1	1	1	14,988	10,000	10,000
Project construction and land		725	1,750	1,750	1	•	•	ı	1	•
Project operation and maintenance			6,500	6,500	r	5,000	5,000	•	200	200
Depreciation and amortization		31,385	•	•	•	•		1	1	
Vehicle expense		6,959	8,500	8,500	•	•	1	ı	•	1
Bond expenditures		•	•	•	•	•	1	•	•	•
Indirect cost		938	1,200	1,200	-	•	•	-	•	•
Total operating expenses	3	393,098	452,225	452,225	2,006	10,200	10,200	19,399	16,550	16,550
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		39,317	(20,650)	(20,650)	(7,006)	(10,200)	(10,200)	(19,399)	(16,550)	(16,550)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)		77.07	1000	900	0000	,	7	1	4	
Informat income		19,71	000,4	000,07	7,030	000,61	000'61	4, 73,	45,000	45,000
Interest expense	,	02,730	3,920	3,920	08	700	200	44	OG	90
Transfers		(20,522)	(35,000)	(35,000)		,		(20,522)	(35,000)	(35,000)
Total non-operating income (expense)		42,882	37,920	37,920	13,026	15,200	15,200	27,259	10,050	10,050
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		82,199	\$ 17,270	\$ 17,270	6,020	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	7,860	\$ (6,500)	\$ (6,500)
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,2	2,285,199			91,060			15,763		
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,3	2,367,398			\$ 97,080			\$ 23,623		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



	Wes	Western Sarpy Drainage	паде	В	Elkhorn Breakout	ut		Dakota Rural Water	ter
		Buc	Budget		Bu	Budget		ď	Budget
	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final
OPERATING REVENUES Water sales	ь	· 69	• ₩	, С	· •э	₆	\$ 299,785	5 \$ 295,000	\$ 295,000
Customer charges and hookup fees		•	1	1	1	•	14,270		21,000
Miscellaneous	•	•	- !	,	1	,	582		1,000
Total operating revenues	1	-			1		314,637	317,000	317,000
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Repairs and maintenance	•	•	•	1	•	•	2,683	3 6,500	6,500
Supplies and postage	•	•	•	•	•	•	6,378		7,900
Professional services	•	5,000	5,000	•	•	•	2,791	_	12,800
Personnel	1,575	30,000	30,000	•	•	•	136,801	_	127,000
Insurance	•	•	•	•	•	•			2,000
Telephone, utilities, and rent	•	•	•	٠	•	•	4,296		
Miscellaneous	•	•	•	•	•	•	957	1,900	1,900
Water purchase	•	1	1	•	•	•	72,487	_	,-
Contract costs	3,098	9'000	6,000	•	•	•	28,197	37	37,000
Project construction and land		1,000	1,000	•	•	•	725		
Project operation and maintenance	•	1,000	1,000	•	•	•			
Depreciation and amortization	1	•	1	•	•	'	21,830	Q	•
Vehicle expense	•	•	•	1	•	•	6,959	8,500	8,500
Bond expenditures	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
Indirect cost		•	•	1	•	•	33	94 500	200
Total operating expenses	4,673	43,000	43,000	,	-		284,198	8 284,850	284,850
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(4,673)	(43,000)	(43,000)				30,439	32,150	32,150
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)									
Assessment revenue	19,144	18,500	18,500	1	i	•			٠
Interest income	231	300	300	14	20	20	5,003	13 5,000	5,000
Interest expense		•	•	•	•	•		1	1
i ransiers Total non-operating income (expense)	19,375	18,800	18,800	14	20	20	5,003	5,000	5,000
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	14,702	\$ (24,200)	\$ (24,200)	4	\$ 20	\$ 20	35,442	2 \$ 37,150	\$ 37,150
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	106,049			6,682			1,712,381	<u> </u>	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 120,751			\$ 6,696			\$ 1,747,823	[3	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



OPERATING EXPENSES
Repairs and maintenance
Supplies and postage
Professional services
Personnel

Water purchase
Contract costs
Depreciation and amortization
indirect cost Insurance Telephone, utilities, and rent Miscellaneous

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)

Total operating expenses

NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)
Assessment revenue
Interest income
Interest expense

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

Total non-operating income (expense)

NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR

\$ 371,425

Nater get Final	\$ 111,000 3,075 500	114,575	800	34,000	5,750	35,000	9,500	97,625	16,950	- 350	(11,500)	(11,150)	\$ 5,800	
Thurston County Rural Water Budget al Original	\$ 111,000 3,075 500	114,575	800	34,000 1,000	5,750	35,000	9,500	97,625	16,950	350	(11,500)	(11,150)	\$ 5,800	
Thursto	\$ 107,387 5,279 5,112	117,778	1,789	26,129	5,335	25,198	6,610 9,555	77,822	39,956	- 556	(22,051)	(21,795)	18,161	353,264





SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2012



	Cost	Interest Rate
General fund	 	
Certificate of deposit		
Great Western Bank	\$ 50,000	0.50%
General fund - unrestricted but reserved investments	\$ 50,000	

SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012



	Cost	Interest Rate		
Proprietary funds				
Certificates of deposit				
Dakota County				
Northwest Bank	\$ 107,289	1.05%		
Nebraska-Iowa State Bank	66,000	0.45%		
Siouxland National Bank	100,000	1.10%		
Great Western Bank	100,022	0.35%		
	373,311			
Washington County #1				
American National Bank	200,000	0.24%		
Centennial Bank	100,000	0.40%		
United Republic Bank	100,000	0.60%		
United Republic Bank	100,000	0.75%		
•	500,000			
Thurston County				
Premier Bank	42,199	0.70%		
	42,199			
Washington County #2				
Premier Bank	198,395	0.70%		
	198,395			
Total	\$ 1,113,905			

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE POLICIES AND BONDS JUNE 30, 2012

DRAFT

REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

Real & Personal property; total limit \$14,700,697; deductible/\$5,000; Equipment Floater/\$184,708 on Miscellaneous Equipment with \$10,000 max on any one item; Scheduled Equipment \$1,514,040 with deductible/\$5,000; Flood coverage/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$5,000; Earthquake and earth movement limit/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$5,000.

GENERAL LIABILITY

Medical payments/\$10,000; Personal injury and advertising injury/\$1,000,000; Wrongful acts/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$10,000; Employee benefits liability/\$1,000,000; Professional liability/\$1,000,000; Employment-related practices injury/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$10,000; Damage to premises rented to you/\$1,000,000; bodily injury and property damage \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$3,000,000 aggregate.

COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILE

Each accident/\$1,000,000; Medical payments/\$5,000; Uninsured and underinsured motorists/\$1,000,000; Collision deductible/\$500.

AIRCRAFT

Single limit, including passengers/\$10,000,000.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Bodily injury by accident/\$500,000; Bodily injury by disease/\$500,000.

EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY BONDS

Public employees/\$100,000; with the exception of one \$15,000 Notary Bond. Forgery/\$250,000 with deductible/\$500; Computer fraud/\$100,000 with deductible/\$500; Theft, disappearance, and destruction/\$250,000 with deductible/\$500.

COMMERCIAL EXCESS COVERAGE

Combined bodily injury and property damage/\$10,000,000.

PUBLIC OFFICIAL

Wrongful acts / \$1,000,000 each; \$3,000,000 aggregate; \$10,000 deductible.

SCHEDULE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2012

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COUNTY

Douglas	\$ 4,396,039
Sarpy	2,676,917
Washington	455,145
Dakota	358,000
Burt	54,732
Thurston	48,267
Dodge	 231
	\$ 7,989,331

SCHEDULE OF CASH BALANCES HELD BY COUNTY TREASURERS JUNE 30, 2012

	DRAFT
GENERAL FUND	200 PM
Douglas	\$ 482,041
Sarpy	66,418
Washington	6,357
Dakota	3,992
Burt	2,221
Thurston	237
Dodge	 931
	\$ 562,197

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 2-3223, N.R.S - 1943 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



Gross income from all sources	\$ 20,989,400
Amount expended for	
Maintenance	\$ 2,667,816
Improvements and other such programs	 8,652,037
Total maintenance and improvements	\$ 11,319,853
Amount of depreciation on property during previous year	\$ 2,371,750
Number of employees as of June 30, 2012	 58
Gross salaries	\$ 3,180,106
Less amount reimbursed by projects	(334,269)
Net salaries paid to employees	\$ 2,845,837

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



Program	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal CFDA Number	Contract		Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Natural Resource Conservation Service				<u> </u>	
ARRA - Watershed Rehabilitation Program		10.916	\$ 785,001	€9	193,876
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Passed through the Nebraska Energy Management Agency					
Hazard Mitigation Grants	DR-1674-NE-0079	97.039	675,200	0	22,508
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance**	FEMA-1924-DR-NE	97.036	1,313,358	89	1,023,770
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency					
Passed through the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality					
ARRA - Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	56-0989	66.458	112,500	0	112,500
Total				69	1,352,654

** Major program

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2012



NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.



October 29, 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**Omaha, Nebraska

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ORIZON CPAs LLC

DRAFT

October 29, 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**Omaha, Nebraska

Compliance

We have audited Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ORIZON GPAs LLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

DRAFT

SECTION 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Un</u>	qualified
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	No_	X
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es):	Yes	No	X
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted:	Yes	No	X
MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	No_	Χ
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es):	Yes	No	Х
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		<u>Ur</u>	nqualified
Audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 510(a) OMB Circular A-133:	Yes	No	Х
The major program tested for compliance was Disaster Grant (CFDA No. 97.036).	s – Public Assistanc	e	
Threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B prog	grams:	;	\$300,000
Is the Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District considered to be a low-risk auditee:	YesX	No_	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION 2. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

DRAFT

None reported.

SECTION 3. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Significant Deficiency

2011-1 Planned corrective action was completed this fiscal year.

MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

No material weaknesses or findings and questioned costs were noted during the prior year.